19 species of the birds listed as Threatened in NSW under the <i>Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995</i> are found in the Cowra Region, another 22 species are considered as Declining.  * Introduced Species A copy of your bird list with locations, dates and contact details would be appreciated by the CWBP. Please send to: John Rankin "Warrawong" Forbes Road Cowra NSW 2794  Location:  Date:  Name & email/address;
---

Zebra Finch Double-barred Finch Plum-headed Finch (D) White-backed Swallow Welcome Swallow Tree Martin House Sparrow\* Eurasian Tree Sparrow\* Red-browed Finch Diamond Firetail (T) European Goldfinch\* Common Blackbird\* Common Starling\* Australasian Pipit Mistletoebird Fairy Martin Silvereye 

White-browed Woodswallow (D)
Black-faced Woodswallow
Dusky Woodswallow (D)

Australian Magpie Pied Currawong

Grey Butcherbird Pied Butcherbird

Masked Woodswallow

Olive-backed Oriole

(T) Threatened Species (D) Declining Species

**Brown Songlark** 

Ground Cuckoo-shrike Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike White-bellied Cuckoo-shrike (D) White-winged Triller (D)

Crested Shrike-tit (D) Gilbert's Whistler (T) Golden Whistler

Rufous Whistler (D) Grey Shrike-thrush

Australian Reed Warbler Little Grassbird Rufous Songlark 

Golden-headed Cisticola

Grey-crowned Babbler (T) White-browed Babbler (D)

Striped Honeyeater

Noisy Friarbird

Little Friarbird

Spotted Quail-thrush (D)

Varied Sittella (T)

Horsfield's Bushlark

Hooded Robin (T) Eastern Yellow Robin (D) Red-capped Robin (D) Flame Robin (T) 

Scarlet Robin (T)

Brown-headed Honeyeater White-naped Honeyeater Blue-faced Honeyeater

Species not listed above

native birds and biological diversity, through the study and management of

and involvement of the community.

can also be worthwhile

In the Cowra region, Threatened species

birds although well-treed roadside verges are the best places to look for woodland

also found in Travelling Stock Reserves (TSR) such as the Back Creek TSR. These

Neville State Forests.

Small remnants are

Nature

Reserve and the Rosenberg and

Park,

Koorawatha

Conimbla National

birds and their habitats, and the education

The Birds Australia mission is to conserve

Birds Australia

untouched native vegetation is found in

rolling hills of the Lachlan Valley.

Relatively

the rich agricultural river flats to slopes and The landscape of Cowra Shire varies from Restless Flycatcher (D) Magpie-lark White winged Chough Apostlebird Jacky Winter (D) Spiny-cheeked Honeyeater White-fronted Chat Red Wattlebird Black-chinned Honeyeater (T)

rellow-faced Honeyeater

Australian White Ibis Straw-necked Ibis Royal Spoonbill Yellow-billed Spoonbill

Leaden Flycatcher

Australian Raven

Little Raven

Grey Fantail Willie Wagtail

Eastern Spinebill

Pallid Cuckoo Fan-tailed Cuckoo

Brown Goshawk

Emu (D)

Noisy Miner

Black-shouldered Kite Square-tailed Kite (T) Whistling Kite (D) Black Kite

Purple Swamphen Black-tailed Native-hen Black-fronted Dotterel Red-kneed Dotterel Black-winged Stilt Brown Falcon Australian Hobby Peregrine Falcon Dusky Moorhen Eurasian Coot Nankeen Kestrel

White-browed Scrubwren Laughing Kookaburra Red-backed Kingfisher Sacred Kingfisher Rainbow Bee-eater Brown Treecreeper (T) Variegated Fairy-wren peckled Warbler (T) Superb Fairy-wren outhern Boobook Eastern Barn Owl Azure Kingfisher Barking Owl (T) Dollarbird Weebill 

White-eared Honeyeater Yellow-tufted Honeyeater Fuscous Honeyeater White-plumed Honeyeater Western Gerygone White-throated Gerygone Striated Thombill Yellow Thombill Yellow-rumped Thombill Chestnut-rumped Thombill (D) Buff-rumped Thombill (D) White-throated Treecreeper ut-rumped Heathwren (D) Southern Whiteface (D) Spotted Pardalote Brown Thornbill Inland Thornbill Painted Button-quail (D) Collared Sparrowhawk Spotted Harrier (T) wamp Harrier Vedge-tailed Eagle

Horsfield's Bronze-Cuckoo Shining Bronze-Cuckoo Budgerigar Turquoise Parrot (T) Swift Parrot (T) Red-rumped Parrot

Glossy Black-Cockatoo (T) Yellow-tailed Black-Cockatoo crested Cockatoo Gang-gang Cockatoo (T) Little Lorikeet (D) Crimson Rosella Eastern Rosella Superb Parrot (T) Little Corella Cockatiel 

White-necked Heron Eastern Great Egret Cattle Egret White-faced Heron

Australian Pelican Pied Cormorant

Silver Gull 

Great Cormorant Little Black Cormorant

Banded Lapwing Masked Lapwing Latham's Snipe Little Pied Cormorant Australasian Darter Tawny Frogmouth Peaceful Dove

Common Bronzewing rested Pigeon Diamond Dove Rock Dove\* 

Australasian Grebe Hoary-headed Grebe Hardhead 

Chestnut Teal Pacific Black Duck **Grey Teal** 

Australian Shelduck Australian Wood Duck Pink-eared Duck Australasian Shoveler Stubble Quail Brown Quail Black Swan

Little Eagle (T)

# **COWRA DISTRICT BIRD LIST**

**Bird Routes** of Cowra **Grey-crowned Babblers** District

#### projects have been carried out both on Cowra associated birds. Several habitat restoration than 70 sites in the Shire to assess the quality and diversity of remnant vegetation and their in May 2002, are being carried out on more members to reverse the decline of woodland developed by Birds Australia Southern NSW and ACT (BASNA) group. It was initiated by birds in the region. Quarterly bird surveys, started concerned local landholders and BASNA Common and private properties. (CWBP) comprises a number of projects Cowra A PROGRAM OF BIRDS AUSTRALIA Woodland Birds Program

are always welcome - please contact BASNA New volunteers for bird surveys and tree plantings

projects/cowra-woodland-birds.html Web: www.birdsaustralia.com.au/our-Email: basna@birdsaustralia.com.au Phone: 02 9647 1033 Fax: 02 9647 2030

Sydney Olympic Park NSW 2127

1 Jamieson Street Newington Armory Cowra Woodland Birds Program -BASNA

Cowra Woodland Birds Program

Web: www.cowratourism.com.au Email: info@cowratourism.com.au

Mid Western Highway (PO Box 34) Cowra NSW 2794

Olympic Park

Cowra Visitor's Centre

CONTACTS

Grey-crowned Babbler, Diamond Firetail. Black-chinned Honeyeater, Hooded Robin, Owl, Brown Treecreeper, Speckled Warbler, include Superb Parrot, Swift Parrot, Barking

# **BIRD ROUTES OF COWRA DISTRICT**

# 1. The Japanese Garden and the Common

From the town, follow the signs via Scenic Drive to Japanese Gardens and Cultural Centre (admission fee). The beautiful Kaiyushiki (strolling) Garden represents the landscapes of Japan and is mainly planted with exotics – it does however attract a number of birds, especially when the white box is flowering in autumn. To continue to the Common, turn from the car park to Sakura Avenue and follow the POW Camp signs to the Common.

The Common, situated in a prominent position of the Cowra city landscape, comprises a rocky granite ridge with large granite boulders supporting remnants of a highly modified grassy White Box Woodland community. The granite outcrop towards the northern end contains the highest density of mature white box, and is frequented by a good array of birds – Rufous Songlarks, Superb Fairy-wrens, Double-barred and Red-browed Finches, White-bellied Cuckoo-shrikes, Dusky Woodswallows, White-plumed Honeyeaters, Red-rumped Parrots and Eastern Rosellas. Look for Superb Parrots in spring and summer. Continue through the Common, past the historic POW camp and turn left on Evans St to return to town.

### 2. Conimbia National Park

Yambira Mountain and its surrounding forested ranges rise nearly 500 m above the plains forming one of the "bush islands" in the heavily farmed central west. It has a good variety of bird species – including both those which are mainly found along the tablelands and coast as well as those of the drier inland. These include Painted Button-quails, Common Bronzewings, Shining Bronze-Cuckoos, Chestnut-rumped Heathwrens, Diamond Firetails, White-browed Babblers, Golden and Rufous Whistlers, Buff-rumped Thornbills, both Brown and White-throated Treecreepers, Speckled Warblers, Striped, Black-chinned and Yellow-tufted Honeyeaters. The Park consists of two sections and to reach the main section turn off the Grenfell Road (Mid Western Highway) into Barryrennie Rd, 9 km west of Cowra. The Wallaby Picnic Area (28 km) is a good spot for birds. There are two walking tracks: the Wallaby Walking Track (4 km return) linking the Wallaby Picnic Area and Ironbark Carpark.

(ironbarks, scribbly gums, stringybarks and cypress pines) which provide good habitat for a number of species – Golden and Rufous Whistlers, Speckled Warblers and Buff-rumped Thornbills are quite common. The Ironbark Walking Track (6 km return) winds its way to a broad plateau overlooking Cherry Creek Gully – the eucalypts and heathlands are home to a variety of bush birds such as the Eastern Yellow Robin, Weebill and White-throated Treecreeper - and links up with a management trail for the return section to Ironbark Carpark. Return by retracing the route or continue along Barryrennie Rd to Gooloogong and Forbes Road (Lachlan Valley Way) to Cowra. There are several TSRs along the Forbes Rd and although most are degraded it is worth having a look, especially when the eucalypts are in flower. About 13 km from Gooloogong where the road to Billimari crosses the Lachlan River at Merriganowry Swamp is a small reserve good for a variety of bush birds near the crossing and a colony of Fairy Martins have been nesting under the bridge.

#### Back Creek TSR

Follow the Grenfell Road (Mid Western Highway) past the aerodrome and immediately after the Forbes Rd turnoff (on your right) turn left into Chiverton Rd. After 2 km take the first road (gravel) on your right and follow it to the creek (fording the creek without a 4WD is not recommended). The Back Creek TSR is about 6 ha in size with a good number of mature yellow box. Look for Brown Treecreepers and Black-chinned Honeyeaters in spring. Return the same way to Grenfell Rd and continue for ~2 km to Back Creek Reserve Rd just past Barryrennie Rd (Conimbla NP turnoff). Park outside the Seed Orchard TSR. A walk along the Back Creek Reserve Rd can yield Diamond Firetails, Yellow-rumped Thornbills, Crested Shrike-tits, Grey-crowned Babblers and Apostlebirds. Return to Cowra via Grenfell Rd.

## 4. Koorawatha Nature Reserve

Take the Young Rd (Olympic Way) to Koorawatha (26 km), turn left at the pub, signposted "4 Koorawatha Falls". After ~300 m the road becomes gravel, follow this to the ford (road unsuitable for caravans after the ford) – look for Speckled Warblers, Flame and Red-capped Robins, Restless Flycatchers and Rufous Songlarks (summer). After crossing

To Forbes To Grenfell Gooldogo and winding. Pull right off the road when Take care on gravel roads, some are narrow shown - a detailed road map would be helpful. Only major and relevant secondary roads are PLEASE NOTE Conimbla National Park (2) Watta To Canowindra and Orange Billimari COWRA inna 149°E Rosenberg State Forest andurama 10 km Neville State To Sydney Forest (8)

the ford it is 4.2 km to a small picnic area with tables and a barbeque. A track leads you to the Falls (a favourite local swimming spot in summer!). River red gums line Bang Bang Creek with mixed open woodland on the ridges and slopes - Southern Whitefaces, Buff-rumped Thornbills and Brown Treecreepers may be seen. Return to Koorawatha and for a good spot for Superb Parrots in summer, turn left towards Young and continue for 6 km to a roadside reserve (Crowther TSR) on the left hand side just before the Crowther Roadhouse. Return the same way or turn right and drive through the village of Wattamondara to Morongla Cemetery (5).

#### . Morongla Cemetery

- after 2.9 km there is a riverside reserve on the left hand side, with some good yellow box and red river gums. Stop to look for Rainbow Bee-eaters in summer and a variety of honeyeaters if the eucalypts are in flower. After 5 km turn left into Reid's Flat Rd, a pleasant wide tree-lined road, and continue for about 6 km to Badgery TSR on your left - Grey-crowned Babblers, Brown Treecreepers and Painted Button-quails are often sighted. Continue for about 6 km, turn right into Morongla Rd and after 6.2 km, turn left into Boorowa Rd. Morongla Creek TSR with good yellow box is 3.5km further on near the creek beside a little bridge. Return to Morongla Rd and the village of Morongla, turn left and drive towards Wattamondara for 1.2 km to the Morongla Cemetery. Apostlebirds are commonly seen along the road. The reserve adjacent to Morongla Cemetery is a great spot for birding – mostly grey box with a understorey of shrubs such as hopbushes which attract flocks of Superb Parrots in summer. Continue along Morongla Rd through Wattamondara until you reach Young Road (Olympic Way) and return to Cowra. A stop at a small reserve (with good white box and cypress pine) in Noonbinna Road can be worthwhile and may yield Black-chinned Honeyeaters, Diamond Firetails and Brown Treecreepers.

## Wyangala State Recreation Area

From the centre of town travel towards Sydney and turn right into Fitzroy St (following the signs to Wyangala

Dam) then left to Brougham St which becomes Darbys Falls Road. Darbys Falls River Reserve (24 km) is a pleasant spot for a break – and may produce some interesting bush birds. Continue for another 12 km to Wyangala Dam. There are many possibilities here: drive through the Wyangala village to the Lachlan River and the adjoining white box woodland with some cypress pine on the hillside. Look for the Threatened Black-chinned Honeyeaters and Speckled Warblers, as well as several Declining species such as Buff-rumped Thornbills, Crested Shrike-tits, Rufous Whistlers, Eastern Yellow Robins and Restless Flycatchers. There are several walking tracks (from 1 to 5 km in length) in the area (mudmaps available from the Wyangala Waters SP Information Office) which are worth investigating. Follow the signs to Woodstock and return via Reg Hailstone Way or continue on to explore the Wyangala Backwater and/or the Rosenberg State Forest (7).

## . Rosenberg State Forest

Take the Sydney Rd (Mid Western Highway) to Lyndhurst (48 km), turn right into Garland Rd and follow signs to Garland (5) and Wyangala Backwater. The Rosenberg SF (15.2 km) is mainly grey box and red stringybark with a good understorey including grass trees and tussock grasses and supports an excellent variety of bush birds. To combine this route with (6), continue for a further 11.3km along Garland Rd to an entrance to the Wyangala Waters State Park. There are several tracks which lead to picnic and camping areas in the Wyangala Backwater and good birding - please note that some of the tracks are only suitable for 4WD.

#### Neville State Forest

From Mandurama (52 km) take the road to Neville (17 km). Continue straight through the village onto Kentucky Rd and follow the winding gravel road for 4 km to the boundary of Neville SF. This small but diverse forest is at a higher elevation than the Rosenberg SF and comprises grey and yellow box, snow and manna gums and stringybarks with a ground cover of tussock grasses and shrubs. Good variety of bush birds including several Declining and Threatened species - your birdlist would be appreciated!